



POSTOPERATIVE CARE INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE EXCISION OF TONGUE LESION PATIENT

Diet

It is extremely important that the patient drink large amounts of fluids daily for 2 weeks. Any fluid or semi-solid foods (ice cream, pudding, popsicles, etc.) are acceptable. Failure to drink increases the risk of bleeding and increases the pain felt in the tongue.

Patients may start soft foods after 7 days and then progress to a regular diet after 10 days, as tolerated. It may take longer to start advancing your diet, which is normal.

Pain

Tongue and ear pain are to be expected, possibly up to 2 weeks after surgery. Take prescribed pain medication on a regular schedule. Motrin®/Ibuprofen may be taken between doses of prescribed pain medication for breakthrough pain. It is helpful to take medication with a little food to help with nausea. Again, drinking large amounts of fluids reduces pain most effectively. Viscous Lidocaine is also helpful.

Activity

It is recommended that strenuous activity that may raise blood pressure be avoided for 2 weeks after surgery. This includes sports activities, bicycling, swimming, weightlifting, exercise, PE or recess, dance, gymnastics, etc. Patients may return to work/school as they feel able (usually 1-2 weeks). Notes will be provided for school or work if necessary.

Fever

A low-grade temperature (99-100) is common during the first 2-3 days after surgery. If the fever exceeds 101, please notify the physician.

Bleeding

Small amounts of blood-tinged mucous from the mouth are not uncommon. Bright red blood should be reported immediately. The patient should hold extremely cold liquid in the mouth to help slow the bleeding.

Please contact our office at 478-743-8953 if you have any questions or concerns.

PLEASE ATTEMPT TO CONTACT OUR OFFICE FIRST SO THAT WE MAY ADVISE YOU APPROPRIATELY.
IF, FOR ANY REASON, YOU ARE UNABLE TO REACH OUR OFFICE OR YOUR SURGEON IN AN EMERGENCY,
PLEASE GO TO THE NEAREST EMERGENCY ROOM.